

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) An organic electroluminescent device comprising:
a hole injection electrode;
a hole injection layer;
a light emitting layer; and
an electron injection electrode in this order, wherein
said hole injection layer includes a first hole injection layer and a second hole injection layer,
said first hole injection layer having a property of absorbing ultraviolet light and including at least one compound selected from the group consisting of a phthalocyanine-based compound, a porphyrin compound, an amine-based compound, a polyaniline-based compound, a polythiophene-based compound, and a polypyrrole-based compound, said second hole injection layer ~~having a property of promoting injection of holes~~ including a halide formed by plasma chemical vapor deposition.
2. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein
said first hole injection layer absorbs not less than 10% of ultraviolet light having a wavelength shorter than 380 nm.

Claims 3-6 (Canceled)

7. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said second hole injection layer is made of a carbon-based halide.
8. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said second hole injection layer is made of fluorocarbon.
9. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said first hole injection layer is made of copper phthalocyanine.
10. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said first hole injection layer has a thickness not smaller than 5 nm.
11. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said first hole injection layer has a thickness not larger than 15 nm.
12. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said second hole injection layer has a thickness not smaller than 0.5 nm.
13. (Original) The organic electroluminescent device according to Claim 1, wherein said second hole injection layer has a thickness not larger than 3 nm.
14. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an organic electroluminescent device comprising the steps of:

forming a hole injection layer on a hole injection electrode; and

forming a light emitting layer and an electron injection electrode in this order above said hole injection layer, wherein

said step of forming said hole injection layer includes the steps of:

forming a first hole injection layer made of at least one compound selected from the group consisting of a phthalocyanine-based compound, a porphyrin compound, an amine-based compound, a polyaniline-based compound, a polythiophene-based compound, and a polypyrrole-based compound, and having a property of absorbing ultraviolet light; and

forming a second hole injection layer ~~having a property of promoting injection of holes~~ made of a halide on said first hole injection layer by plasma chemical vapor deposition.